Exam.Code:1372 Sub. Code: 46490

## 2055

# B. Voc. (Medical Lab Technology) Sixth Semester

# BMLT-602: Sensitization to Blood Banking and infection Control

Time allowed: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

NOTE: Attempt <u>five</u> questions in all, including Question No. I which is compulsory and selecting one question from each Unit.

x-x-x

- I. Write the answer in very brief:-
  - (a) Define the blood donation.
  - (b) Write the name of two blood groups?
  - (c) Why anticoagulant is used?
  - (d) Write the names of two anticoagulants.
  - (e) Blood transfusion?
  - (f) What is the Rh factor?
  - (g) Immunoglobin.
  - (h) Write the names of opportunistic pathogen?

(8x2)

#### UNIT - I

- II. a) What are the four main blood groups in the ABO system?
  - b) What complications can arise due to mismatched ABO blood transfusion? (2x8)
- III. a) What is Rh factor? Write the dis-advantage of Rh factor in human.
  - b) Write a short note on name the identification of blood groups.

(2x8)

#### UNIT - II

- IV. a) What is blood transfusion process and its medical significance.
  - b) Describe the clinical consequences of ABO incompatibility and the measures taken to prevent transfusion-related hemolysis. (2x8)
- V. a) Explain the challenges faced in maintaining an adequate and safe blood supply without infectious diseases, and storage limitations.
  - b) Briefly describe the platelets transfusion and its applications in dengue disease. (2x8)

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## **UNIT-III**

- VI. a) Write the structure of immunoglobin. How will detect immunoglobin for skin allergy.
  - b) What is immunohematology, and why is it important in transfusion medicine? (2x8)
- VII. a) What are the different types of blood donations (e.g., whole blood, plasma, platelets, etc.)?
  - b) What tests are performed on donated blood before transfusion? (2x8)

## UNIT - IV

- VIII. a) How can proper storage and handling of blood products prevent contamination?
  - b) What are the standard precautions for handling needles and sharp instruments? (2x8)
  - IX. a) Explain the incubation phase. Write its clinical significance.
    - b) Write in short on conditions can lead to opportunistic infections. (2x8)

x-x-x