(i) **Printed Pages: 2** Roll No. .....

Sub. Code: 1 Questions (ii) : 8 Exam. Code: 0

> B.A./B.Sc. (General) 4th Semester (2055)

## **MATHEMATICS**

Paper—II: Differential Equations—II

Time Allowed: Three Hours [Maximum Marks: 30

**Note**:—Attempt FIVE questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

## UNIT—I

- Solve the differential equation  $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + (x^2 4)y = 0$ 1. in series.
- (a) Prove that  $J_n(-x) = (-1)^n J_n(x)$ , where n is any integer. 2.

(b) Show that 
$$2\pi J_n(x) = \int_0^{2\pi} \cos(x \sin \theta - n\theta) d\theta$$
.

- (a) Show that  $\int_{-1}^{1} x^{K} P_{n}(x) dx = 0$ , where K is an integer less than n.
  - (b) Prove that  $\int_{-1}^{1} x P_{n-1}(x) P_n(x) dx = \frac{2n}{4n^2 1}$ .

- 4. (a) Form partial differential equation by eliminating arbitrary function from the following relation:  $xy z^2 = f\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$ .
  - (b) Find the equation of integral surface of (y z)p + (z x)q = x y, which passes through y = 2x, z = 0.

## UNIT-II

- 5. (a) Find Laplace transform of |t 1| + |t + 1|,  $t \ge 0$ .
  - (b) Find Laplace transform of  $t^2e^t \sin 4t$ ,  $t \ge 0$ .
- 6. (a) Find inverse Laplace transform of  $\frac{e^{-1/s}}{s}$ .
  - (b) Apply Convolution theorem to find inverse transform of  $\frac{s}{(s^2 + \alpha^2)^3}$ .
- 7. (a) Using Laplace transform, solve the following differential equation:  $\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + y = e^{-2t} \sin t$ , when y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0.
  - (b) Using Laplace transform, solve:

$$\frac{dx}{dt} - 2y = t; \frac{dy}{dt} - 4x + 2y = 0,$$
when  $x(0) = 3$ ,  $y(0) = 0$ .

- 8. (a) Find Laplace transform of  $\frac{1-\cos 3t}{t}$  t > 0.
  - (b) Find the inverse Laplace transform of  $\frac{1}{s^2 + 5s}$ .