(i) Printed Pages: 4 Roll No.

(ii) Questions :9 Sub. Code : 1 0 4 0 8 Exam. Code : 5 0 0 2

Bachelor of Arts (FYUP) 2nd Semester (2055)

MATHEMATICS

Paper : Calculus-I

Time Allowed: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 90

Note: — Attempt FIVE questions in all. Select at least ONE question from each unit. Q. No. 1 is compulsory.

1. (a) If $a \ge 0$, $b \ge 0$, then show that $\frac{a+b}{2} \ge \sqrt{ab}$, with equality holds iff a = b.

(b) Evaluate $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+x}-1}{x}$.

(c) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, where $y = x \cosh x - \sinh x$.

(d) Find third derivative of $\log \sqrt{3x+4}$ w.r.t. x.

(e) Verify Rolle's theorem for $f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 3$, $1 \le x \le 3$.

(f) Evaluate $\lim_{x\to 0} \left(\frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{\sin x} \right)$.

UNIT-I

2. (a) Prove that $\sqrt{2}$ is irrational number.

(b) State and prove Archimedean property of real numbers.

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(c) Find g.l.b. and l.u.b. of the set $S = \{3 \sin x + 4 \cos x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}.$

3. (a) If $f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{when } x \text{ is rational} \\ -x & \text{when } x \text{ is irrational} \end{cases}$ show that $\lim_{x \to 0} f(x) = 0$.

(b) State and prove Squeeze principle.

UNIT-II

- 4. (a) Show that if f is continuous at x = a then |f| is also continuous at x = a but the converse is false.
 - (b) Examine the continuity of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{|x-a|}{x-a} & \text{if } x \neq a \\ 1 & \text{if } x = a \end{cases}$$
 at $x = a$.

5. (a) If
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3ax + b & \text{if } x > 1 \\ 11 & \text{if } x = 1 \text{ is continuous at } x = 1. \\ 5ax - 2b & \text{if } x < 1 \end{cases}$$

Find the values of a and b.

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(b) Show that
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x \cos \frac{1}{x}, & x \neq 0 \\ 0, & x = 0 \end{cases}$$
 is continuous for

all real x.

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UNIT-III

6. (a) Find
$$\frac{d}{dx} \{x^x + (\sinh x)^x\}$$
.

- (b) If $y = \sin(m \sin^{-1} x)$ find $y_n(0)$.
- 7. (a) Find the values of a and b so that

 $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{x(1+a\cos x) - b\sin x}{x^3}$ exists and it equals to one.

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- (b) Find the points on the curve $y = 5x^2 2x^3$ at which the tangent is parallel to the line y = 4x + 5.
- (c) Use differentials to approximate $\sqrt{25.3}$.

UNIT-IV

- 8. (a) State and prove L.M.V. theorem.
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- (b) Find first three non zero terms in the Maclaurin's expansion of sin x.
- 9. (a) State and prove Cauchy mean value theorem.
 - (b) Find position of real zeros of f'(x) where

$$f(x) = x(x-1)(x-2)(x-3).$$

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