

(i) Printed Pages: 4

Roll No.

(ii) Questions : 9 Sub. Code :

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Exam. Code :

5	0	4	1
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Bachelor of Computer Application (FYUP) 1st Semester
(2124)

FUNDAMENTAL OF MATHEMATICAL STATISTICS
Paper—BCA102

Time Allowed : Three Hours] [Maximum Marks : 90

Note :—Attempt **FIVE** questions in all, selecting **ONE** question each from Units I, II, III and IV. Question No. 9 is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks. Log tables and non-programmable calculators are allowed.

UNIT—I

1. (i) Discuss primary and secondary data sources with examples.
- (ii) Find the simple and weighted Arithmetic Mean of the first n natural numbers, the weights being the corresponding numbers.
- (iii) A cyclist pedals from his house to his college at a speed of 10 miles per hour and back from the college to his house at 15 miles per hour. Find the Harmonic Mean.

$$6+6+6=18$$

2. (i) Write short note on different statistical techniques.
- (ii) The weighted Geometric Mean of three numbers 229, 275 and 125 is 203. The weights for the first and second numbers are 2 and 4, respectively. Find the weight of third number.
- (iii) What are grouped and ungrouped frequency distribution ?
Explain with example. $6+6+6=18$

UNIT—II

3. (i) Obtain Median and Mode for the following frequency distribution :

<i>x</i>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
<i>f</i>	8	10	11	16	20	25	15	9	6

$$4+5=9$$

- (ii) Write formulas for : Quartiles, Computation of inter quartile range, Mean Deviation and Standard Deviation.

$$2+2+2+3=9$$

4. (i) Calculate the Standard Deviation and Coefficient of Variation for the given frequency table :

<i>Interval</i>	1 to 5	6 to 10	11 to 15	16 to 20
<i>Frequency</i>	1	2	3	4

$$4+5=9$$

- (ii) Discuss using examples for discrete series, continuous series and correcting incorrect standard deviation.

$$3+3+3=9$$

UNIT—III

5. (i) Calculate Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation (using any technique) for :

x	12	16	20	24	28	32	36
y	6	9	12	15	18	21	24

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- (ii) Discuss types of correlation, coefficient of determination and coefficient of concurrent deviation. $3+3+3=9$

6. (i) Calculate Spearman's coefficient of correlation (assume ranks are given) for :

x	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
y	6	2	9	7	1	4	8

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- (ii) Write short notes on :

(a) Types of measuring correlation.

(b) Difference between rank coefficient and Karl Pearson's coefficient. $4+5=9$

UNIT—IV

7. (i) Find Linear Regression equation for the following two sets of data :

x	2	4	6	8
y	3	7	5	9

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- (ii) Write short note on properties of regression coefficient and limitations of regression analysis. $4+5=9$

8. (i) Find the regression coefficients for the following data :

<i>Age</i>	20	15	16	17
<i>Marks</i>	99	65	79	75

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- (ii) Discuss linear and non-linear regression in detail. 9

(Compulsory Question)

9. (i) Define Arithmetic, Geometric and Harmonic Means with their formulas.
- (ii) How Median is different from Mode ? Explain with an example.
- (iii) How is scatter diagram method different from graphic method in measuring correlation ?
- (iv) Discuss properties of regression coefficient.
- (v) Define Quintiles, Hexiles and Percentiles.
- (vi) Discuss importance of measures of central tendency in data understanding. $3 \times 6 = 18$